

TOO WEAK TO FIGHT

There is a heap of difference between
an idle husband and the ideal one.



Everything for the Christmas dinner

Cranberries
Canned fruits
Canned pumpkin
Mincemeat
Pickles
Preserves
Cheese
Olives
Celery
Lettuce
Raddishes
Onions
Oranges
Lemons
Grapefruit
Bananas

A full line of candies and nuts

Christmas Shopping

Gifts for the Womenfolks

WAISTS--You can't make a mistake if you purchase one of our georgette crepe, or silk waists for her. We have a complete line of white and all the dainty shades so much in vogue at the present time, including so wide a range of prices that every purse can be suited.

BATHROBES--A nice warm bathrobe is always sure to please. We have a large assortment for you to choose from.

RIBBONS--Every woman likes dainty ribbons and we have just the ribbons you would choose, in widths ranging from the narrow longie ribbon to the heavy brocaded camisol ribbons in pinks and blues.

SILK HOSE--Hosiery is always a welcome gift. We have silk hose in white, grey, black, blue, black and white, grey and white and brown, as well as a large line of cashmere, lisle and cotton.

VELVET CAPS--We have a large assortment of ladies and misses caps in black, brown and combination colors, in velvet or corduroy, also serge, as well as a complete line of knitted caps.

PURSES--In many of the newest designs in leather, velvet or silk.

HANDKERCHIEFS--Pure linen with any initial desired, in fancy Christmas boxes.

Four Special Inducements

PERCALES

From now until Christmas we are offering a special bargain in percales. We have on hand a large assortment, including all the dark shades, as well as the dainty patterns on a light background. These goods are selling at 35c per yard, but during the holiday season we are offering them at per yd **28c**

OUTTING FLANNEL

A large assortment to choose from, light or dark, worth 28c per yd during this sale, per yard **25c**

SWEATERS

All kinds of Sweaters for men and boys, all sizes and all grades, during this sale a discount on any sweater in the house **10%**

MACKINAWs

We have them for men and boys. Get your pick while they last, and take advantage of this special offer. Any Mackinaw in the house at a discount during the holidays of **10%**



Gifts for the Menfolks

Silk shirts	Night, in fancy
Wool shirts	Xm boxes
Work shirts	Hose, silk, le
Suspenders, in Xmas boxes	or con
Handkerchiefs, from the common red and blue to the extra fine linen initialed	Muffle silk or v
Gloves, canvas or silk	Purses
Pipes, a good line	Rubber
Cigars	Leggins
Tobacco	Oversho
Collars	Overalls
	Jackets
	Underwe, wool, sizes at prices
	Pocket cobs

Toys

CHARACTER DOLLS--Just what very little girl longs for, sailor boy dolls, fancy dolls, big dolls, little dolls.

SLEDS--Just what every boy wants, King Hills coasters and sleds.

TINKER TOYS--Something that will delight any child, book of instructions with each.

CHAIRS--Little red chairs that will bring joy to the hearts of children. Either rocking or straight kind.

Housefurnishing Specials

RUGS RUGS RUGS

Alexminster, velvet or crex, any size, or design from a 9x12 down to the smaller kind.

HILLEBRAND'S STORE

Bargains in Holiday Gifts

If you are looking for a place to purchase your Christmas gifts, where you may find quality and low prices go hand in hand, turn to WILLIAMS BROS. DEPARTMENT STORE. Here you will find gifts that are a combination of both quality and low prices. If you are searching for something practical we can meet your demand, no matter what you wish something in the way of a fancy article we have a selection of all kinds for you to choose from. Our business was established in Antioch in the year of 1871, and our record for the forty-seven years that we have been in business is the only recommendation that we offer, and is our strongest guarantee that this year, the same as in all previous years, you will find our stock of Holiday goods as large and complete as those of larger towns and at prices that cannot be duplicated in larger places.

For Father and Brother

We have many practical things for the men folks and if you are in doubt let us help you with a few suggestions. We can show you

Safety razors
Gloves
Mackinaws
Neckties
Mufflers
Flashlights
Silk hose
Cigars
Pipes
Handkerchiefs
Mittens
Ash trays
Caps
Sweaters
Suspenders

For Mother and Sister

We have a large assortment of fancy articles, any one of which will be sure to please. Among them are:

Georgette crepe waists
Combination suits
Electric toasters
Camisoles
Silk waists
Gloves
Veils
Silk petticoats
Handkerchiefs
Silk hose
Hand bags
Bathrobes
Aprons
Collars
Belts

Toys for the Little Folks

Every boy and girl will be delighted with a coaster, wagon or sled. We have just the kind you are looking for. We also have:

Wheelbarrows
Toy wagons
Work boxes
Handkerchiefs
Mittens
Caps
Dolls
Tinker toys
Doll buggies
Toy brooms
Air guns
Knives
Balls
Horns
Books

For the Home

What could be more acceptable to any member of the family than something for the home? We have house furnishings of all kinds such as:

Glass oven ware
Aluminum ware
Ceramic ware
Table Linen
Bed spreads
Dollies
Rugs
Kitchens
Scarfs
Porters
Bath towels
Blankets
Dishes
Stoves
Irons

WILLIAMS BROS. ANTIOCH STORE


 Bell Telephone System

Reduction Telephone Installation Charges

The attention of the public is invited to the modification of the Postmaster General of the service connection charges embodied in his order No. 10, dated August 28, 1918.

Effective December 1, 1918, the following service connection charges cover all classes of telephone service and apply to both new installations and lines from one address to another.

Where new telephone must be connected	\$3.50
Where there is no telephone on the premises and one must be used with change	\$1.50

In the case of all customers, service connection charges are payable in advance of the establishment of service.

CHICAGO TELEPHONE COMPANY

CHICAGO TELEPHONE COMPANY

FOR CRIMES THE U. S. WAR

Will Tells Paragons to
Face Enragement—
Iran Pe

CRUELTY TO MERICA CONFLICT

Executive Act, the Greatest
Action in His History
Final Ceremony
at the Family Hall.

Dec. 17.—Addressing President Wilson at his home in the White House, the president of the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, said:

"I have the honor to be present at the home of the president of the republic, to present to you the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, which I am in the honor to present to you. I am in the honor to present to you the National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, which I am in the honor to present to you."

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The president replied as follows:

"Your presence has raised many emotions within me. It is with no ordinary sympathy that the people of the United States, for whom I have the privilege of speaking, have viewed the sufferings of the people of France. Many of our own people have been witnesses of the sufferings of the people of France. Many of our own people have been witnesses of the sufferings of the people of France."

He then said:

"The United States entered the war here, entered it not only because we were moved by a sense of duty, but because we were moved by a sense of duty. We entered it because we were moved by a sense of duty. We entered it because we were moved by a sense of duty. We entered it because we were moved by a sense of duty."

He then said:

"You have made me feel very much at home here, not merely by the delightful warmth of your welcome, but also by the manner in which you have made me realize, to the utmost of my power, the true meaning of the word 'hospitality'."

He then said:

"I am sure that I shall look back to this visit to Paris as one of the most important experiences of my life, and I feel that you are honoring the United States in my presence."

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Colonel Venizelos of Greece and also had a lengthy talk with General Pershing. The Greek prime minister explained at length the position of his country and the Balkan situation in general. Mr. Wilson listened intently, but was noncommittal.

General Pershing told the president details of the military situation, including the developments of operations. The president decided not to enter Germany, although he is extremely anxious to visit the army of occupation.

Colonel House was notified that Foreign Minister Balfour and Premier Lloyd George will reach Paris Saturday. The two British peace delegates will confer with President Wilson immediately upon their arrival.

The actual business conferences of the "big four"—Wilson, Clemenceau, Lloyd George and Orlando—will probably commence January 5, but it is uncertain as yet whether all the allies will be represented at the opening.

"It is certain, however, that the delegates of the central powers will not be called in until a complete program has been agreed upon."

French People Greet Wilson. Paris, Dec. 14.—President Wilson made his entrance into Paris at 10:15 this morning.

The president's arrival at the capital was greeted with a salvo of artillery in salute. The dense throngs gathered to greet the American executive hailed his coming with volleys of cheers.

Huge crowds were massed around the Bois de Boulogne station awaiting the president's coming. As he alighted from his train a roar of welcome went up that left no doubt of the cordiality of the welcome given by Paris to its latest guest.

Great Men at Station.

President Poincaré, Premier Clemenceau and others among the most prominent figures in France met the presidential party at the railway station.

The Republican Guard band, called out in President Wilson's honor, greeted him with "The Star-Spangled Banner."

Observers were impressed in the magnitude and beauty of the reception by some quality of warmth that made it different from the visits to Paris recently made by the sovereigns of the allied nations.

After the presentations and other formalities of welcome had been concluded, the president, Mrs. Wilson and members of the party entered an open car and drove under the overhanging eaves of the appointed route, escorted by the mounted Republican Guard, between solid ranks of French troops.

The route was lined for miles with captured guns and other battle trophies. Every available space was jammed by vast crowds, waving and shouting their welcome—such crowds as have rarely been seen in Paris. They included not only more than half the population of Paris, but of the surrounding districts.

Thirty thousand soldiers, the flower of the French army, lined the avenues from Dauphine Gate to the Marais district, which will be the home of the president and his wife.

PRESIDENT WILSON'S ADDRESS.

"I am deeply indebted to you for your warm greeting. It is very delightful to find myself in France and to feel the quick contact of sympathy and unbroken friendship between the representatives of the United States and representatives of France."

"You have been very generous in what you have said to me. I have said to you that I have tried to do my best, and I have done so in an attempt to do the best for the people of the United States and to carry out the duty of my office."

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demption. They have expressed the true spirit of America. They believe their ideals to be acceptable to free peoples everywhere and are rejoiced to have played the part they have played in giving reality to those ideals in co-operation with the armies of the allies.

"We are proud of the part they have played and we are happy that they should have been associated with such comrades in a common cause."

"It is with peculiar feeling, Mr. President, that I find myself in France, joining with you in rejoicing over the victory that has been won. The ties that bind France and the United States are peculiarly close. I do not know in what other comradeship we could have fought with more zest or enthusiasm."

"It will daily be a matter of pleasure with me to be brought into consultation with the statesmen of France and her allies in concerting the measures by which we may secure permanence for these happy relations of friendship and co-operation and secure for the world at large such safety and freedom in its life as can be secured only by the constant association and co-operation of friends."

"I greet you, not only with deep personal respect, but as the representative of the great people of France, and beg to bring you the greetings of another great people to whom the fortunes of France are of profound and lasting interest."

"I raise my glass to the health of the president of the French republic and to Mme. Poincaré, and the prosperity of France."

PRESIDENT POINCARÉ'S ADDRESS.

"Mr. President: Paris and France awaited you with impatience. They were eager to acclaim in you the illustrious democrat whose words and deeds were inspired by exalted thought."

"They had also a passionate desire to offer thanks, in your person, to the great republic of which you are the chief for the invaluable assistance which had been given spontaneously during this war to the defenders of right and liberty."

"Some months ago you cabled to me that the United States would send ever increasing forces until the day should be reached on which the allies' armies were able to submerge the enemy under an overwhelming flow of new divisions, and in effect for more than a year a steady stream of youth and energy has been poured out upon the shores of France."

"No sooner had they landed than your gallant battalions, fired by their chief, General Pershing, flung themselves into the combat with such a smiling disregard of death, that our longer experience of this terrible war often moved us to counsel prudence. They brought with them, in arriving here, the enthusiasm of crusaders tending for the Holy Land."

"It is their right today to look with pride upon the work accomplished and to feel assured that they have powerfully aided by their courage and their faith."

"Eager as they were to meet the enemy, they did not know when they arrived the enormity of their crimes. That they might know how the German armies make war it has been necessary that they see towns systematically burned down, mines flooded, factories reduced to ashes, orchards devastated, cathedrals shelled and fired."

"You, Mr. President, will be able to measure with your own eyes the extent of the disasters and the French government will make known to you the authentic documents in which the German general staff developed with astounding cynicism its program of pillage and industrial annihilation. Your noble conscience will pronounce a verdict on these facts."

"Should this guilt remain unpunished, could it be renewed, the most splendid victories would be in vain."

"Mr. President, France has struggled, has endured, and has suffered during four long years, she has bled at every vein; she has lost the best of her children; she mourns for her youths. She yearns now, even as you do, for a peace of justice and security."

"It was not that she might be exposed once again to aggression that she submitted to such sacrifices. Nor was it in order that criminals should go unpunished, that they might lift their heads again to make ready for new crimes, that under your strong leadership America armed herself and crossed the ocean."

"Peace must make amends for the misery and sadness of yesterday, and it must be a guarantee against the dangers of tomorrow. The association which has been formed for the purpose of war between the United States and the allies, and which contains the seed of the permanent institutions of which you have spoken so eloquently, will flout from this day forward a clear and profitable employment in the concerted search for equitable decisions and in the mutual support which we need if we make our right prevail."

applied to the official clothing department in that city for a certificate authorizing her to buy a sweater for her dog. She presented an attestation from a veterinary surgeon to the effect that the dog was suffering from rheumatism and required a sweater.

The application and attestation have been handed over to the Cologne war museum as an interesting exhibit.

Millions Bought Bonds. Nearly 2,000,000 people bought bonds of the fourth Liberty loan issue.

PRESIDENT OF PORTUGAL SLAIN

Leader of Revolt of Year Ago
Shot Down at Railway
Station.

MOB KILLS THE ASSASSIN

Doctor Paes, After Serving as Provisional President, was Formally
Elected to That Office by Direct Universal Suffrage.

London, Dec. 17.—Dr. Sidonio Paes, president of Portugal, was shot and killed by an assassin shortly before midnight, while he was in a railway station at Lisbon.

Advices from Lisbon reporting the assassination say that he was struck by three bullets.

The president's assassin, named Jacinto, was killed by the crowd.

Dr. Sidonio Paes, reported assassinated in Lisbon, had wielded a tremendous political power in Portugal for years.

It was under his leadership that a revolutionary force a year ago this month overthrew the government of Dr. Alfonso Costa and confiscated control.

Doctor Paes was named provisional president and last April was formally elected to that office by direct universal suffrage.

While his regime moved under fairly normal conditions, the president's life was constantly menaced by agents of political factions opposing him.

He was fired on December 6 by an unidentified man, but the shot missed its mark. Other plots against his life were reported unceremoniously.

On one occasion the police of Oporto raided a house and seized a score of political conspirators, together with 63 bombs.

Prior to his assumption of the presidency of Portugal, Doctor Paes was Portuguese minister to Germany. It was reported, but without substantiation, that the following revolutionary uprising was the result of German propaganda to prevent Portugal from rendering assistance to the allies.

Doctor Paes' first official action as president was to decree religious and political toleration and grant amnesty to all political offenders, except certain members of the old republican government.

BLUEJACKETS KILL MEXICANS

Navy Gunners Shoot Tampico Custom
Guard Who Fired on the
Yankee Sailors.

New York, Dec. 17.—In a brief battle between American navy gunners and a party of Mexican custom guards at Tampico on November 28 the Americans shot and killed the captain of the Mexicans and mortally wounded another Mexican. It was learned upon the arrival here of the Ward line steamer Monterey, upon which the navy gunners are stationed.

Washington, Dec. 17.—The incident resulting from the clash between the armed guard of the American steamer Monterey and Mexican soldiers at Tampico is being settled through diplomatic negotiations between the Mexican government and the American ambassador at Mexico City, the state department announced.

TWO STAGES OF PEACE MEET

First Will Be Brief, But the Second
Period May Last for Two
Years.

London, Dec. 17.—The second stage of the peace negotiations probably will last two years.

This forecast comes to the correspondent from a diplomatic source well informed about the work ahead of the negotiators. Indeed, most diplomats agree that everything points to the peace negotiations having to be divided into two stages. The first will be brief. It will concern itself primarily with the concluding of a pact by which demobilization and reconstruction in all war zones can be promptly undertaken.

The second stage, however, will necessarily take up a long period of time, since it will be devoted to the wider issues of the European settlement and the formation of a league of nations.

U. S. Motorboats to Patrol Rhine.

Paris, Dec. 13.—American built motorboats will patrol the Rhine. They are being brought up the Seine river from Havre, on the coast.

Wilson May Visit Portugal.

Paris, Dec. 17.—Lisbon newspapers made the announcement that President Wilson will visit Portugal after visiting Italy.

Fehrenbach Convinces Reichstag. Amsterdam, Dec. 17.—Konstantin Fehrenbach, president of the Reichstag, has convened a meeting of the assembly, reserving further indication of time and place of meeting, according to report from Berlin.

Find Grave of Edith Cavell.

London, Dec. 17.—The grave of Edith Cavell, the English nurse executed by the Germans, is believed to have been definitely located in a rural cemetery, Brussels, from a plan of the cemetery.

PRINCE FUSHIMA



Prince Yorihito Higashi Fushima, cousin of the Japanese emperor and also a commander in the Japanese navy, is in America with his suite. He has represented Japan a number of times at international congresses, particularly at the coronation of King George.

WILL POLICE THE SEAS

U. S. AND BRITISH NAVIES HAVE
BIG TASK.

Admiral Badger Urges Appropriations
Be Allowed to Make American
Fleet Big as Any.

Washington, Dec. 14.—Appropriations to provide a navy for the United States by 1925 as large as that of any country was urged by Admiral Badger of the general board of the navy before the house naval committee. He declared the United States and England together could police the seas. One hundred and fifty German and seven Austrian submarines were sunk in the war prior to August, Admiral Badger told the committee, quoting reports from Admiral Sims. He said that the Germans had built 331 submarines and that the Austrian undersea fleet comprised only 35 craft, ten of which were obsolete. On August 1 last, Admiral Badger said, the Germans had 110 submarines operating in the Atlantic and 28 in the Mediterranean, while at the same time Austria had 18 in the Mediterranean.

Had the United States been fighting alone in the present war, the admiral said, its lack of ships would have been serious and perhaps fatal, because it has been learned that the navy must be strong enough not only to protect from invasion, but also to drive the enemy's navy from the seas. He told the committee that the country never has been and probably never will be again, as well prepared to build a powerful fleet as at present.

Admiral Badger said the general board had recommended, before the armistice, instead of the three-year program, as recommended by Secretary Daniels, a six-year, providing for the construction of 12 battleships and 12 battle cruisers.

Germany had 50 capital ships in her navy, including 19 dreadnaughts, when the war began, and had seven other dreadnaughts under construction, Admiral Badger said. He added that he believed work on the seven was discontinued, and material was used for submarine construction.

The German gun that shelled Paris was a "15-inch or one reduced to nine," Admiral Badger said.

TWO ARE SLAIN BY BANDITS

Officers of Brooklyn Bank Shot to
Death—Two Wounded in Milwaukee Robbery.

New York, Dec. 14.—Two officers of the East Brooklyn Savings bank were killed by two highwaymen, who escaped in a taxicab with \$13,000 after holding a crowd at bay with their revolvers.

Milwaukee, Dec. 14.—Bandits shot and robbed Louis Ittel, cashier of the International Harvester company's local plant, and his guard, Joseph Grunewald, and escaped with the entire pay roll of the night crew, \$25,000.

Swiss Regulars Can Be Demobilized.

Berne, Dec. 13.—The military minister, C. Decoppet, in the Swiss parliament, declared that there are now sufficient numbers for the frontier guards and that therefore the regular troops can be demobilized. The volunteers are receiving 8½ francs a day.

Bars Door to Kaiser Karl.

Munich, Dec. 17.—Switzerland, it is understood, has declined to permit former Emperor Charles of Austria-Hungary to reside in Switzerland. The Swiss government is said to have cited the experience of Holland.

Over Grave of Lusitania.

Brest, Dec. 16.—A thrilling moment aboard the U. S. S. George Washington was when the vessel passed over the spot where the Lusitania sank. The ship's band played "The Star-Spangled Banner" and all men bowed their heads.

FIRST U. S. MEN CROSS THE RHINE

Yanks Jostled at Coblenz and
Greeted With Sneers and
Laughter.

BIG FORTRESS IS ENTERED

Americans Take Over Ehrenbreitstein
People Expect Easier Time Than
With the British
or French.

Coblenz, Dec. 10.—Sentries of the American and German armies face each other across the Rhine. From Andernach, below Coblenz, northward to the Dutch line, American forces

the bridgehead. The Third, Second, Ninth, Fourth and Forty-second will occupy positions in support of the advanced lines.

The First, Third and Fourth divisions are of the regular army.

The Thirty-second is made up of National Guard regiments from Minnesota and Wisconsin; Texas and Oklahoma National army men make up the Nineteenth, while the Forty-second is the Rainbow division, composed of National Guard regiments from Louisiana, Pennsylvania, Wisconsin, New York, Georgia, Ohio, Alabama, Iowa, Illinois, Indiana, Minnesota, Maryland, South Carolina, California, Missouri, Virginia, North Carolina, Kansas, Texas, Michigan, New Jersey, Tennessee, Oklahoma, District of Columbia, Nebraska, Colorado and Oregon.

The Thirty-second, and perhaps the Nineteenth, will cross at Coblenz, and the others will use the bridges north and south of the city. Arrangements have been made to use tugs if necessary to expedite the crossing.

Across the river from Coblenz is the fortress of Ehrenbreitstein, there has been a small force of Germans, but it has been withdrawn and an American force entered the fortress during the day, following a request to that effect from the German authorities.

A bottle thrown from a window by a woman at an American soldier has been the only overt act of hostility reported since the Americans have entered Coblenz. The incident was regarded as being so trivial that it was left to the local police to deal with the woman. There has developed, however, within the last 24 hours an unmistakable air of independence on the part of the people, reflecting their conviction that the Americans are going to deal with them much more delicately than have the French or British with the people north and south of the city.

The position of the Americans is slightly peculiar. Coblenz was formerly occupied by a battalion which arrived on Sunday, and which served only as a guard, which probably would have been inadequate in event of serious trouble. German officers are here treating with the American authorities and discharged soldiers, still wearing their uniforms, are still marching in the streets, which seems to offer to the civilians who have not yet felt the strength of an invader's hand reason to believe that the Americans are not of a resentful nature.

Instead of cringing, or even showing deep regret, the population adopted an attitude that found expression in jostling American soldiers on the streets and in sneers and laughs, which were only vaguely concealed.

It is estimated that there are sufficient foodstuffs in this district to last till February, after which assistance will be imperative.

LEVIATHAN BRINGS 9,000 MEN

Biggest Ship Afloat Feels Way to Pier
After Being Fog-Bound Outside
Harbor.

New York, Dec. 17.—The Leviathan, formerly the Vaterland, first ship of the German fleet, arrived here with 9,000 officers and men of the American army, many of them veterans of Pershing's army. The Leviathan had been fog-bound almost within sight of the city. She was given a noisy welcome as she felt her way slowly up the harbor to her pier. The veterans of the fighting forces in France were taken aboard at Brest and the other troops, most of them members of the aero squadrons that had been in training in England, were taken aboard at Liverpool.

Owes \$2,000,000, Arrested. Paris, Dec. 16.—M. Vittoire, a French banker, has been arrested here, according to the police, while preparing to flee to Argentina with \$3,000,000. His liabilities are said to total \$2,000,000.

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RURAL NEWS

LAKE VILLA

Mrs. Chas. Keller was in Chicago on Tuesday.

Mrs. Nettie Smith is nursing influenza cases near Silverlake.

L. R. Sherwood and wife were in Chicago on business Tuesday.

Mrs. Wm. Walker spent the past week with her sister in Chicago.

Harry Sorenson who has been in the service the past few months is at home.

Mrs. Norman Burnett spent Thursday with her brother's family at Kolze.

Mrs. A. J. Husey and Mrs. R. E. Husey were Chicago shoppers last Thursday.

Antioch, Ill.

Sequoia Lodge No. 827 A.F. & A. M.

Holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evenings of every month.

Visiting Brethren always welcome.

W. H. HUBER Sec'y. FRANK KANDLIK, W. M.

Miss M. Oefstedal, our principal was taken to the hospital Sunday, suffering from pneumonia, so there will be no school in the upper grades till after the holidays. Miss Mathews of the primary department was also unable to teach this week because of illness, so the whole school was closed until after the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Mickle were Chicago shoppers Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mecklenberg were Chicago shoppers Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Higgins had dental work done in Burlington Thursday.

Olene Curtis who is attending school in Burlington is home sick with the flu.

The Clarence Sheen family are all sick with the flu, the baby having pneumonia.

Mrs. Josephine Bolton and Mrs. Maggie Parks were Antioch visitors Thursday.

Mrs. Letzter went to Chicago Tuesday to visit a son and daughter and their families.

Clemence Schmidcamp of Racine and George Schmidt of Wilmet were guests at the Mickle home Sunday.

Wm. Evans, George Patrick and Wm. Achtenberg attended the Warren Wicks sale north of Salem Thursday.

One year ago Saturday the thermometer registered fifteen degrees below zero, this year farmers were plowing.

Mr. and Mrs. Mutz were Chicago passengers on Tuesday morning. Mr. Mutz went to a hospital for treatment.

Mrs. Forster was taken to Chicago Tuesday where she could receive medical aid, her mother and son accompanied her.

Mr. and Mrs. Randall, who were recently married have commenced house-keeping on the Ira Brown farm which they have rented.

Harold Mickle in company with a number of the high school boys from Wilmet attended a basketball game at Richmond Wednesday evening.

Ensign Earl Potter, who has been in the Radio school in Connecticut for some months, surprised his family on Monday by walking in and announcing his intention of spending the holidays with them.

Mrs. James McFadden who has been in failing health for the past year, although able to be about, passed away Friday, leaving her husband and one son Will to mourn the loss of a loving wife and mother. The villagers will miss her cheery word and smile as she was always cheerful, no matter how she felt. The funeral was held Sunday with burial at Antioch.

The CHICAGO FOOTWEAR COMPANY has secured several hundred sample pairs of high grade felt slippers. This lot contains about thirty different styles and will be on sale in our store in Antioch, Friday and Saturday of this week, and Monday and Tuesday of next week.

Do not forget that shoes and slippers make a very acceptable gift.

CHICAGO FOOTWEAR COMPANY
Antioch, Illinois

WILMOT

Miss M. Faber has been ill the past week.

Edna Redlin spent Sunday with her sister Mrs. Kohl of Salem.

Anne McGuire is seriously ill at the Sister's Home in Kenosha.

Hazel Beck returned Saturday from a two weeks visit in Kenosha.

Mrs. J. Buckley Jr., is visiting at the home of her parents in Kankakee this week.

Mr. James Buckley, Sr., has been very ill at his home in Chicago the past week.

Miss Cora Madden of Kenosha is visiting at the Fred Madden home this week.

The Holy Name choir met for practice at the Rosa Schenning home Thursday night.

Sister Lena Rasch is recovering from an attack of influenza at the Milwaukee Passavant Hospital.

The first team of the U. F. H. school were defeated by the Richmond high school team at Richmond Wednesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Loftus have received word of the serious illness of their nephew Ford Herrick at a Chicago hospital.

Mrs. Fred Madden went to Burlington Wednesday to bring Leroy back from the Burlington hospital, where he has been the past two weeks.

Mrs. Motley has returned from an extended stay at the H. Spear home in Sharon, during the time Mrs. Spear was in the Burlington hospital. Mrs. N. Drom is with Mrs. Spear in Sharon this week.

Mrs. M. Rasch received a telegram Friday announcing the death of her daughter Mrs. Anna Sudrow, of diabetes, at her home in National City, California. Mrs. Sudrow was born on March 26, 1863, and was the second oldest child of Mr. and Mrs. A. Rasch of this place. She is survived by her husband Albert Sudrow, one son Carl, of National City, her mother, three sisters and four brothers. Interment in National City, Cal.

Wanted to Know Photographer.

Arthur, aged five, was a Sunday school pupil and listened attentively to his teacher telling the class about Christ. Next day he went visiting with his mother and on the mantel was a picture of Christ, to which his mother called his attention, explaining that Christ was the subject of his lesson the previous day. After surveying the picture thoughtfully for a moment he suddenly exclaimed: "But who took it?"—Chicago Examiner.

LAKE COUNTY'S GREATETS GIFT

ALEX HEIN D.

206, 208, 210, 212 North Genesee,
WAUKEGAN, ILL.Announcing Our Fourteenth
Sensational
Christmas SaleBRINGING REDUCTIONS IN
EVERY DEPARTMENTMen's neckwear in a sale at
50c, 75c and \$1.00Women's \$5 silk crepe de chine waists
\$2.98Women's silk georgette crepe waists to
\$8 at \$4.89

Women's silk waists \$14.50 at \$9.89

Women's winter coats to \$18.50 at \$12.50

Women's winter coats, including plush
to \$27.50, many are fur trimmed, at \$14.75

Women's winter coats to \$40 at \$24.75

Women's winter coats to \$55 at \$39.50

Women's winter coats to \$65.00 at \$40

Ivory toilet articles in a great sale at 50c
to \$5Women's fancy neck wear, special at 50c
to \$1Women's tea aprons 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00,
\$1.25

Women's fine suits at HALF PRICE

A great BATHROBE sale for men, women
and children---Women's bathrobes \$3.98 to
\$7.98---Men's bathrobe \$4.98 to \$9.50---
Children's bathrobes \$3.98 and \$3.98Men's 75c silk hose in black, white and
colors at 9cWomen's leather and fur velvet handbags
at sale prices at \$1.00, 1.50, 2.98, \$3.50,
\$3.98, \$5.Women's and misses' wool sweaters, slip-
over and button styles in all sizes and col-
ors at \$3.98, 5.98, 7.98, 7.50, 12.50

Children's coats to 7.50 \$4.98

Children's coats to 12.50 \$7.98

Children's coats to 16.95 \$12.48

Women's fur muffs and scarfs 4.98 to
\$18.50

Women's fur sets 15.75 to 75

Children's fur sets 1.98, 8, 5.98, \$7.98

Women's 16.50 serge or dresses \$9.75

Women's 27.50 silk, serger velvet and
jersey dresses .75

Women's \$2 silk corset sets at 1.49

Women's silk or Philine hand-made
chimises and gowns at 1.50 to \$5